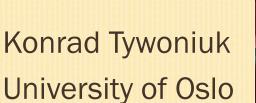


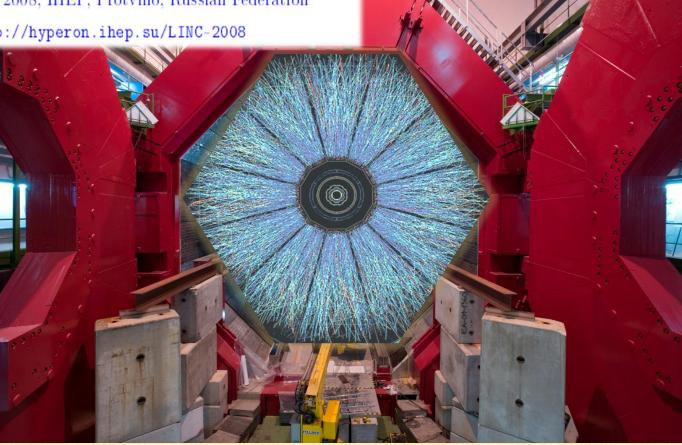
LINC-2008

The 3rd Light Ion Nuclear Collision workshop

June 18–21, 2008, IHEP, Protvino, Russian Federation

http://hyperon.ihep.su/LINC-2008



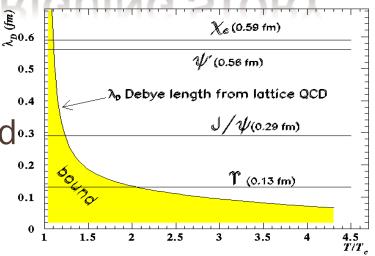


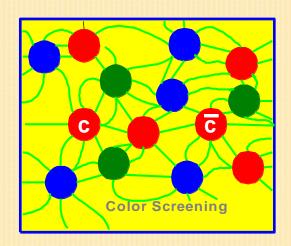
CAN THE RHIC J/ Ψ PUZZLE(S) BE **SETTLED AT LHC?**

J/ Ψ PRODUCTION: AN INTRIGUING STORY...

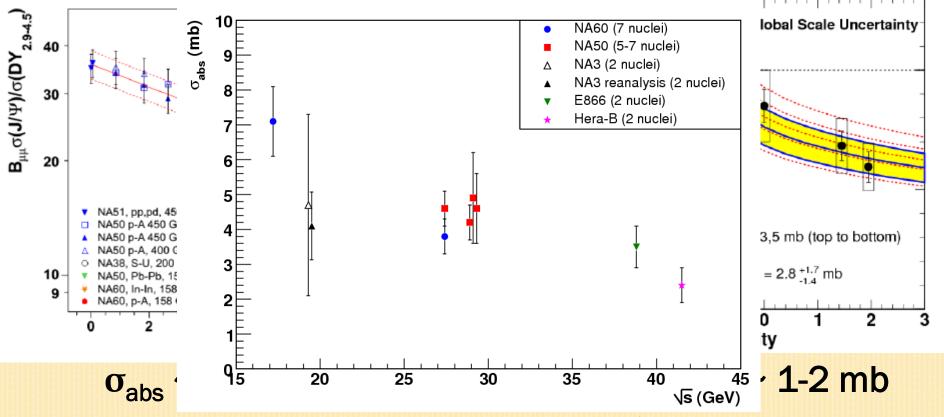
× Matsui & Satz prediction

- + J/ψ destruction in a deconfined^{0.3}
 medium by colour Debye
 screening
- + different states melting at different temperatures due to different binding energies
- x today situation is more confusing than ever?





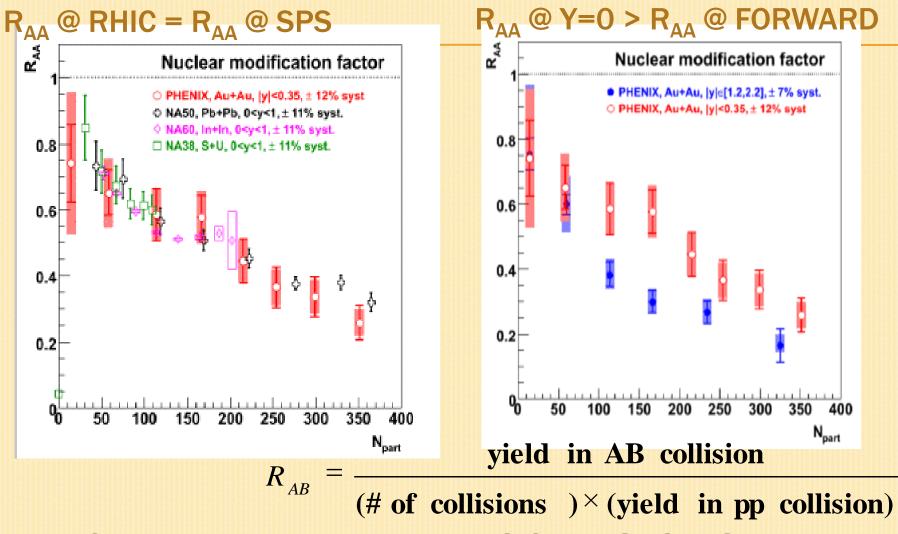
RHIC PUZZLE I: D+AU COLLISIONS



- vanishing σ_{abs} at some critical energy?

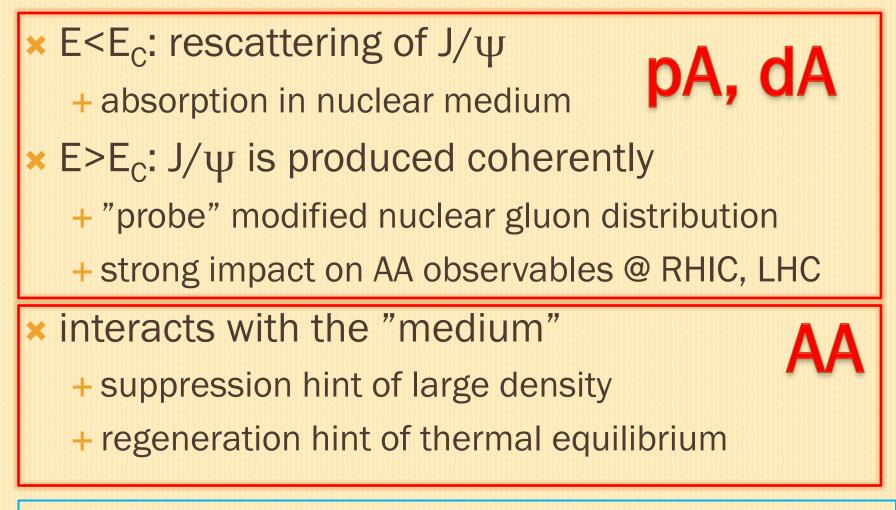
Old data analyzed in Glauber model: S ~ exp(- $\sigma_{abs}L \rho$)

- what is the meaning of $\sigma_{break-up}$??
- need several nuclear targets



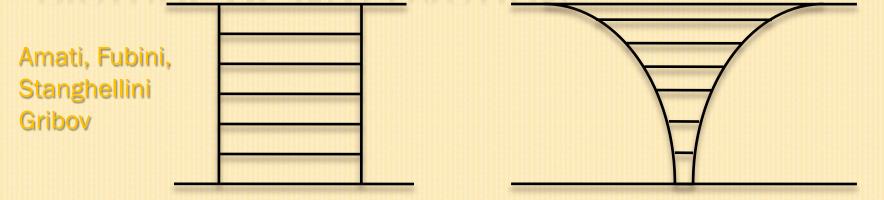
RHIC PUZZLE II: AU+AU COLLISIONS

CHARMONIUM IS INTERESTING



Collaborators: A.B. Kaidalov, A. Capella, L. Bravina, E.G. Ferreiro, E. Zabrodin

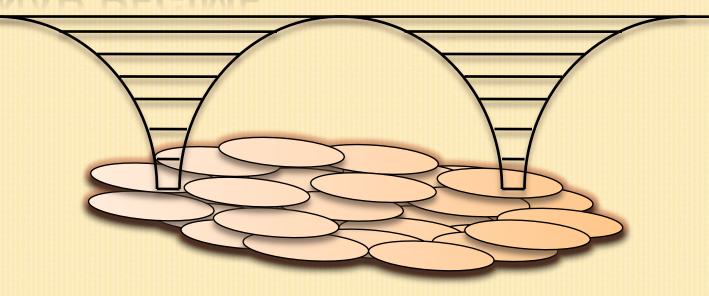
PICTURE OF INTERACTION



- x reggeon/pomeron exchange multiperipheral model
- * the reggeon can be seen as an exchanged ladder of particles in the t-channel
 - + a highly non-local object!
 - + space-time picture
- x particle production from cuts

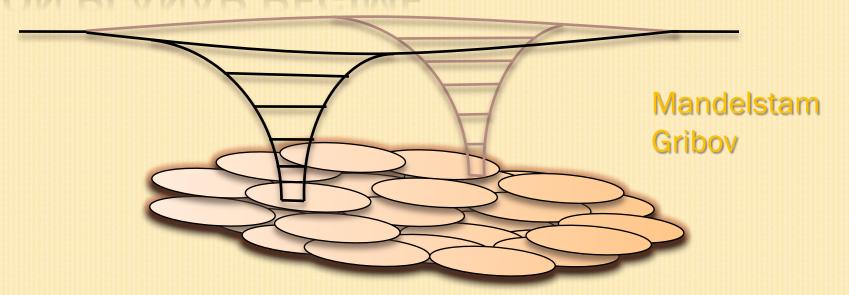
 $m_N x$

PLANAR REGIME

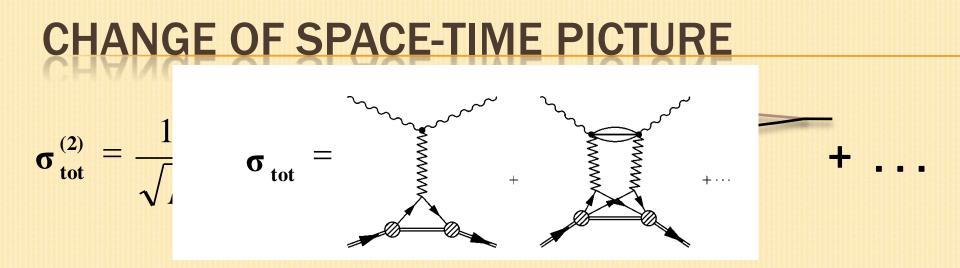


- x "classical" rescattering picture
- × coherence length of fluctuation: $l_c =$
- × large probability of rescattering
 - + strong absorption effects
 - + controlled by σ_{abs}

NON-PLANAR REGIME



- × planar diagram vanishes at high energies
 - + ladders require a long time to develop
 - + critical x ~ 0.1
- * the projectile goes into a fluctuation long before the collision takes place
 - + ladders develop at the same time



* the diagrams corresponding to "classical" rescatterings are suppressed at high energies!

× Gribov trick: Glauber is OK after all! Almost...

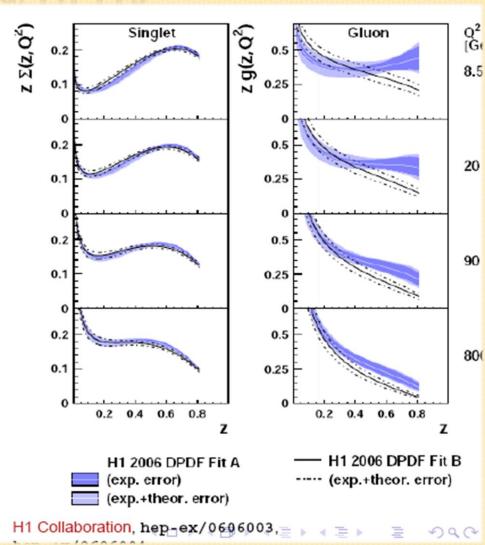
* have to take into account diffractive intermediate states!

HARD DIFFRACTION @ HERA

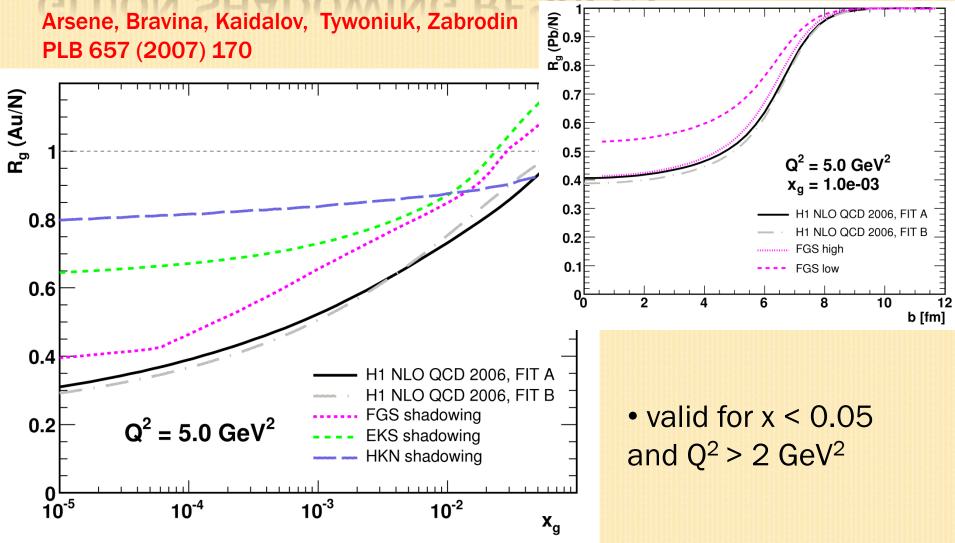
$$\left[\frac{\mathsf{d}\sigma_{\gamma^*N}^{\mathcal{D}}}{\mathsf{d}M^2\mathsf{d}t}\right]_{t=0} = \frac{4\pi^2\alpha_{em}B}{\mathsf{Q}^2(\mathsf{Q}^2+M^2)}\,\mathsf{x}_{I\!\!P}\mathsf{F}_{2\mathcal{D}}^{(3)}$$

FIT A and B

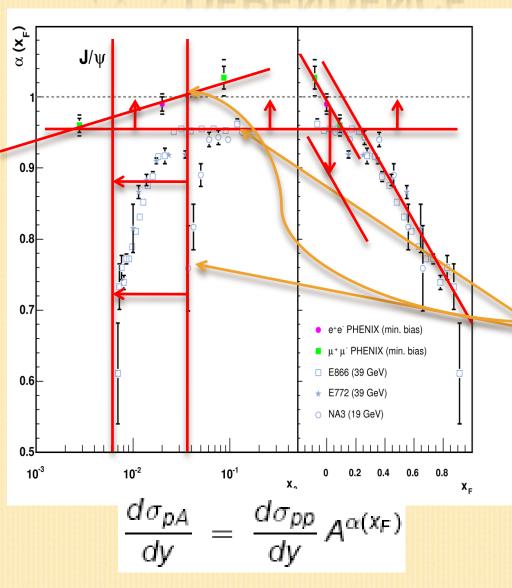
- two available fits, parameterized at low $Q_0 = 1.75 - 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$
- maximal uncertainty in gluon dPDF due to mixing with quarks at β > 0.3
- can be further constrained by combined fit to additionally diffractive dijets and heavy flavor



GLUON SHADOWING RESULTS



$\alpha(X_F)$ dependence

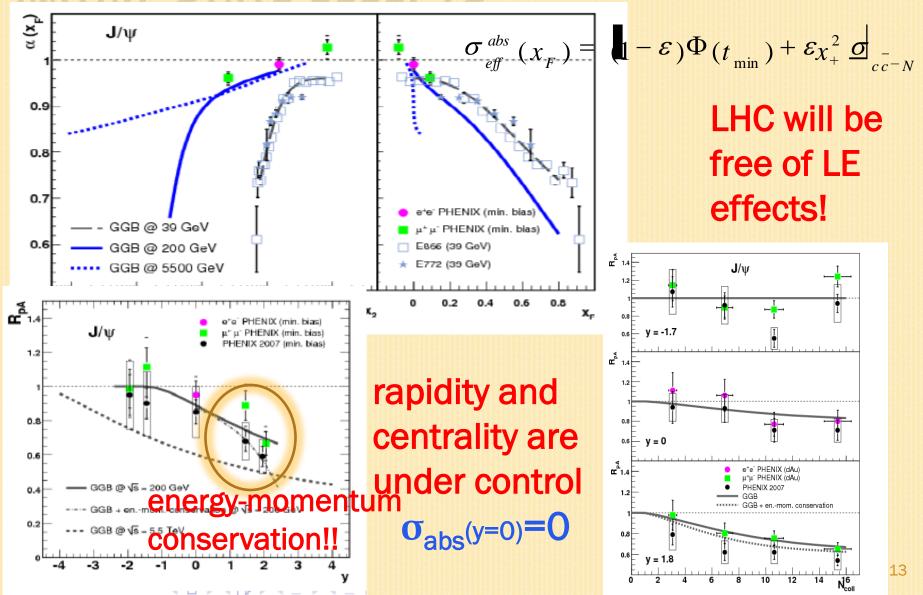


 × change of behaviour when increasing √s
 × α(x_F=0) sensitive to changing initial-state

energy momentum absorptiong conservation

- × α(x_F≈1) has universal behaviour
- x₂ scaling at high energies

Tywoniuk et al.PLB 660 (2008) 176INITIAL STATE EFFECTSCapella, Ferreiro PRC 76 (2007) 064906



COMOVERS INTERACTION MODEL

Capella, Armesto, Ferreiro, Sousa, Kaidalov... finite energy effects - DPM × rescattering \rightarrow "J/ ψ 's fall apart"

× what is the medium?

+ directly related to the multiplicity of the collision

$$N^{co} = \frac{3}{2} \left[\int_{1}^{a} (b, \frac{4}{y}) N_{part} (b, y) + C_{2}(b, \frac{4}{y}) N_{coll} (b, y) \right]^{sh} (b, y)$$

+ not necessarily thermalized

× interaction can take place with

- + "partonic" medium early times
- + hadronic medium late times

× the cross section should be averaged over p_T distributions of colliding particles and time

COMOVERS INTERACTION MODEL × Solving rate equation

$$\tau \frac{\mathsf{d}}{\mathsf{d}\tau} \frac{\mathsf{d}N^{J/\psi}}{\mathsf{d}\tau} (b, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{y}) = -\sigma \{ N_{J/\psi} N^{\mathsf{co}} - N_{D} N_{\bar{D}} \}, \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{y} \}$$

× Charmonium survival probabilty

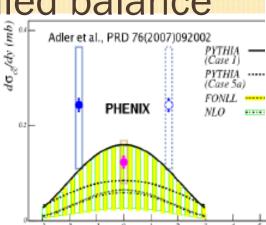
$$S^{co}(b, s, y) = \exp\left\{-\sigma N^{co} \ln\left[\frac{N^{co}}{N_{pp}}\right]\right\} \times (N^{co}(b, C) = \exp\left\{\sigma Cn(b, s) \ln\left[\frac{N^{co}}{N_{pp}}\right]\right\}$$

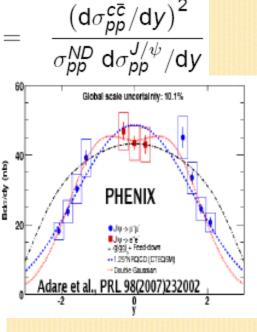
× natural from detailed balance

$$\star$$
 input from pp \rightarrow

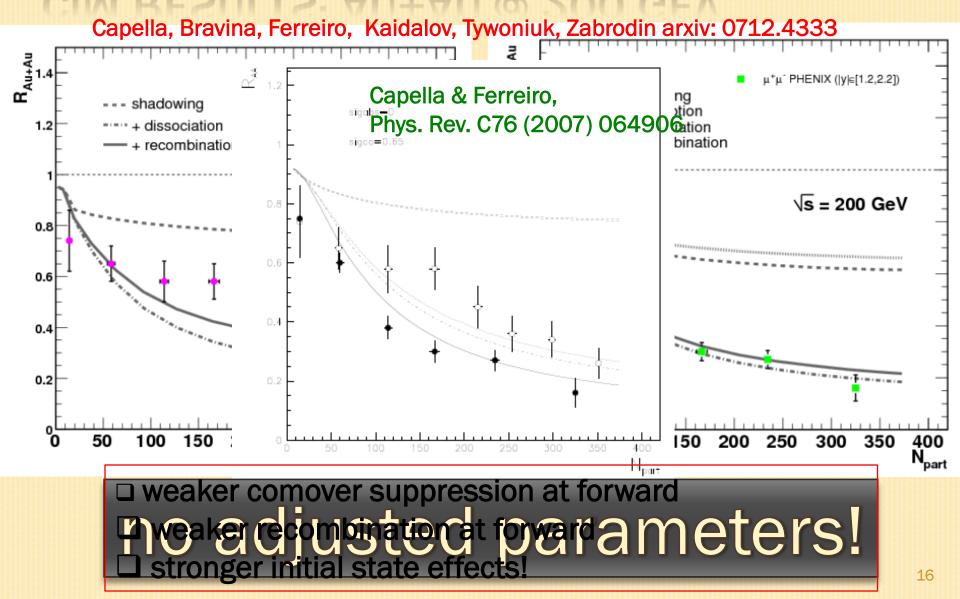
× from NA50 fit:

$$\sigma = 0.65 \text{ mb}$$



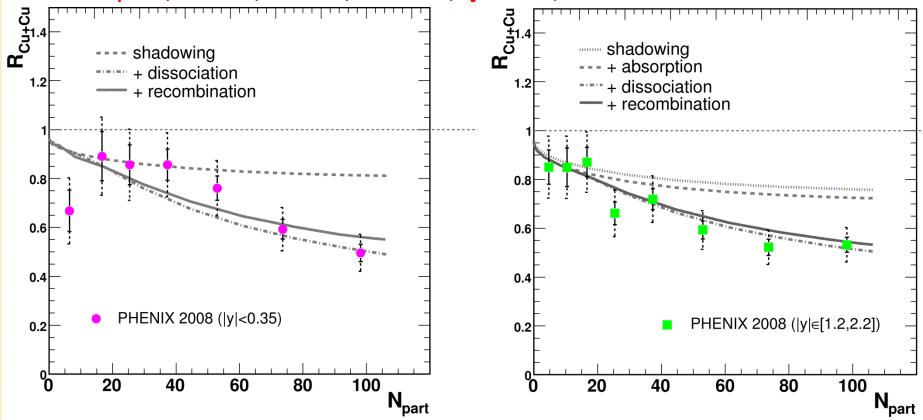


CIM RESULTS: AU+AU @ 200 GEV

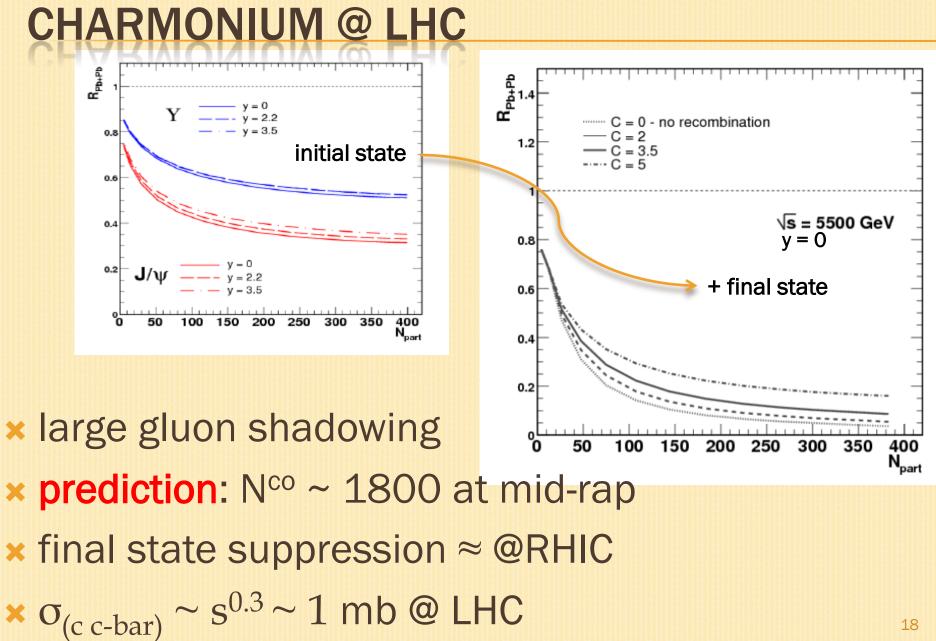


CIM RESULTS: CU+CU @ 200 GEV

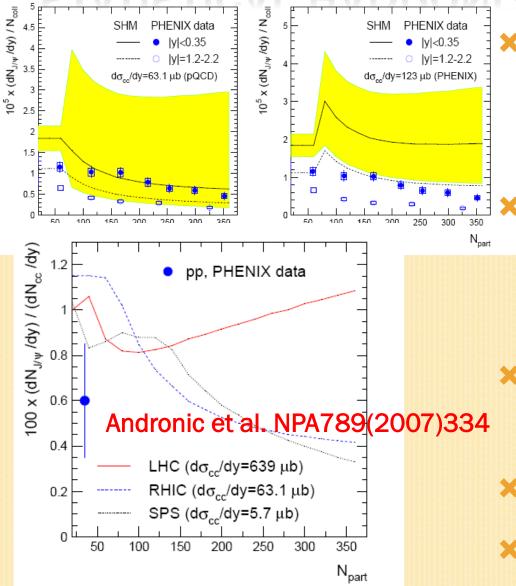
Capella, Bravina, Ferreiro, Kaidalov, Tywoniuk, Zabrodin arxiv: 0712.4333



Recombination a small but important correction! Consistent with HSD with pre-hadron interaction Linnyk et al. arXiv:0801:4282



STATISTICAL HADRONIZATION



* thermalization of heavy quarks lead to opposite results!

NOTE:

- + no "b-separation"
- + whole volume interacts!

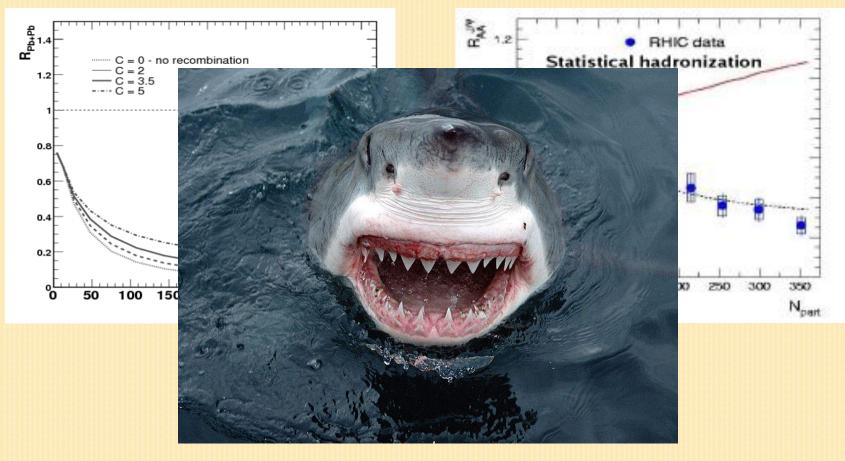
x strong dependence on pp cross section

× doesn't care about dA× suppression for Y!

FINALLY SOME ANSWERS?

- * the large lever arm in energy can discriminate between different physical mechanisms
 - + recombination wins in thermal eq. scenario
 - + strong suppression in "step-wise" comover interaction scenario
- x initial-state is non-trivial!
 - + geometry...
 - + less charmonium in "pre-equilibrium" phase
 - + thermalization can arise from highly coherent gluon field?

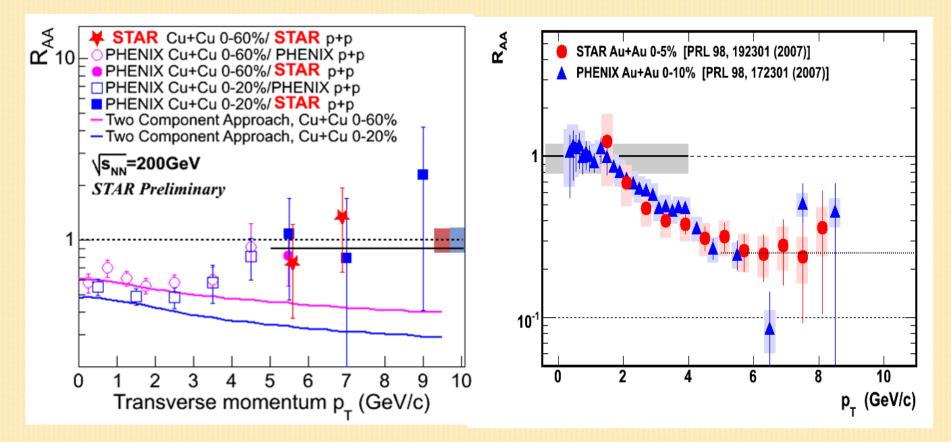
SO....



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

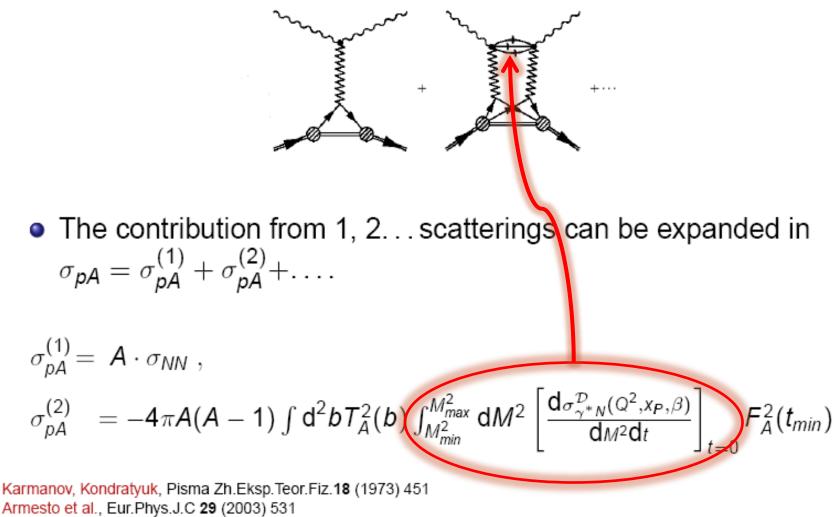
J/Ψ SUPPRESSION

OPEN CHARM SUPPRESSION



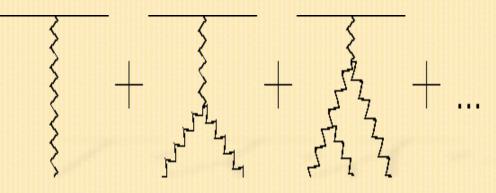
ANOTHER RHIC PUZZLE?

GLAUBER-GRIBOV RESCATTERING



Frankfurt, Guzey, Strikman, Phys. Rev. D 71 (2005) 054001

SHADOWING FROM FAN DIAGRAMS



- × Schwimmer model
- × good for ep, eA, pA
- × similiar to BK eq
- × similiar to eikonal

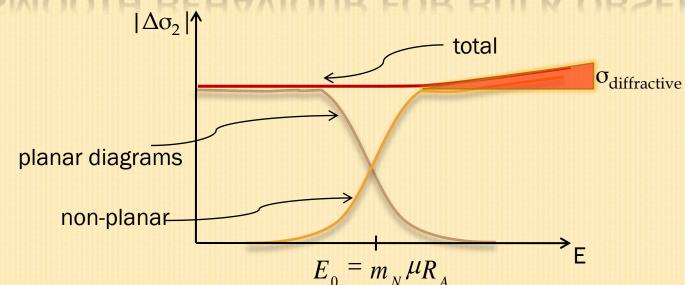
diffractive structure function = "Pomeron PDF" H1 2006

$$\sigma_{hA}^{tot} = \sigma_{hN} \int d^{2}b \frac{A T_{A}(b)}{1 + (A - 1) f(x, Q^{2}) T_{A}(b)}$$

$$f(x, Q^{2}) = 4\pi \int_{x}^{x_{p}^{max}} dx_{p} B(x_{p}) \frac{F_{2D}^{(3)}(x_{p}, Q^{2}, \beta)}{F_{2}(x, Q^{2})} F_{A}^{2}(t_{min})$$

proton PDF CTEQ

SMOOTH BEHAVIOUR FOR BULK OBSERVABLES



- most of the observables do not feel the change of space-time picture
- x appears at high energy: nuclear shadowing
- * are there any observables that are sensitive to the transition?

NON-SMOOTH BEHAVIOUR FOR J/Ψ?

- absorption shadowing E_c
- x critical scale depends on mass:
- $\mathbf{E}_{\mathrm{C}} = \frac{\mathbf{M}^{2}}{2\mathbf{x}_{+}} \frac{\mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{A}}}{\sqrt{3}}$

- x transition between
 - + successive rescattering: nuclear absorption
 - + coherent production: shadowing
- Appens around RHIC energies

SUPPRESSION OF HIGH-P_T PARTICLES

- particles are not absorbed
- × possibility of **soft** interaction
 - + p_T shifted to smaller values
 - + $\delta p_T \sim (p_T \langle p_T \rangle)^{\alpha}$
 - + vansihes for bulk, soft particles
 - strong effect since spectra are steep
- strong suppression
- strong azimuthal asymmetry
 - + non-flow effect!

 absorption in normal, nuclear matter

J/W SUPPRESSION

- + controlled by σabs
- + present in pA and small AA systems
- + changes with rapidity
- interaction with co-movers
 - + controlled by oco
- \rightarrow transformed into DD pair

COMOVERS INTERACTION MODEL

CIM PREDICTIONS FOR LHC: RAA

